

**CIS Manager** 

# NIT Unit Trust ANNUAL REPORT

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## General Information

#### Manager

National Investment Trust Ltd

Level 8. Newton Tower

Sir William Newton Street

Port Louis

Trustee

SBM Fund Services Ltd

State Bank Tower

1, Queen Elizabeth II Avenue

Port Louis

Custodian

SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd

SBM Bank (Mauritius) Ltd

State Bank Tower

1, Queen Elizabeth II Avenue

Port Louis

Registered Office

C/o National Investment Trust Ltd

Level 8 Newton Tower

Sir William Newton Street

Port Louis

Auditor

Deloitte

7th-8th Floor

Standard Chartered Tower

19-21 Bank Street

Cybercity

Ebene

Bankers

SBM Bank (Mauritius) Ltd

State Bank Tower

1, Queen Elizabeth II Avenue

Port Louis

Absa Bank (Mauritius) Limited

(previously known as Barclays Bank

Mauritius Limited)

Barclays House

68/68 A Cybercity

Ebène

#### Manager's Report 2022

As the old adage says, 'the best time to panic is before everyone else does'!

#### Extract from our 2021 Annual Report

#### Overseas Markets

To cut the story short, bulls are betting for a smooth return to normality on the back of massive fiscal & monetary stimulus while, bears are warning against global supply-chain constraints and inflation as potential catalysts to derail the recovery.

With such uncertainty ahead, the current house view is that the upside potential in global equity markets is limited while, the downside risk could be quite significant. As such, we've been more focus on the risk management side of our business to ensure a smooth return for our investors. Against such a backdrop, tactically, we've crystalized the bulk of our gains and, drastically reduced our exposure to equities. Going forward, we intend to continue monitor the situation closely and to adjust our cash reserves once a clearer picture emerges.

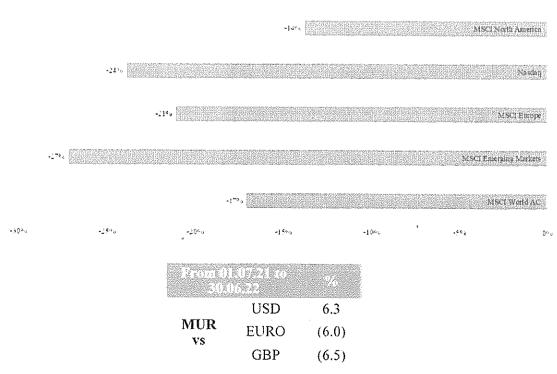
#### Local Market

......the domestic economy remains constrained because of excessive debt levels, suboptimal policies, an absence of reforms and, question marks about the long term stability of the local currency.

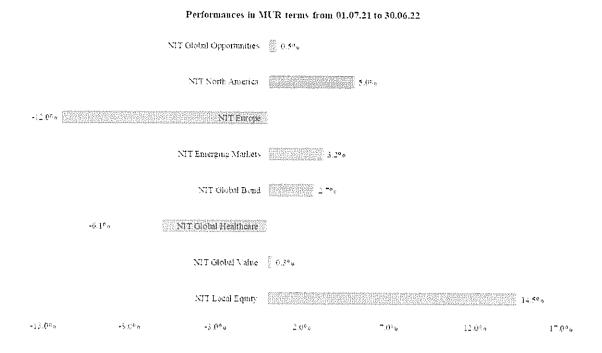
Against such a background, we are of the opinion that even though local equities still look cheap, a cautious approach is vindicated as the growing divergence between the benchmark's performance in local currency and, USD terms continues to be a cause for concern.

With hindsight, it seems that we were well-advised to hit the panic button in 2021 and move all the portfolios under our management mostly into cash as, 2022 will be remembered as the year where monetary policy was tightened in a synchronised manner around the world (with the US Federal Reserve (Fed) leading the charge) to fight multi-decade-high inflation. Add to that, external economic headwinds, such as the war in Ukraine, Covid lock-downs in China and, the euro and the US dollar reaching parity for the first time in 20 years and, we have a toxic cocktail that created havoc in global financial markets during the financial year under review.

Performances in USD terms from 01.07.21 to 30.06.22



Against such a backdrop and, given their relatively high weighting in cash, the NIT funds were able to post the following performances during the corresponding period:



#### Looking Ahead

At the date of writing of this report, a new bullish narrative seems to be gathering steam in mainstream financial media whereby, the inflation fight in the U.S. has been won and is over and that such a success has been achieved without taking a toll on the economy. And so the thinking goes that the Fed will soon pivot and, start decreasing interest rates and also, revert back to quantitative easing mode.

From our perspective, in the present case, thinking in terms of single, V-shaped selloffs followed by advances to fresh highs is not appropriate. In fact, we believe that it's important to know the water we're swimming in. At the current juncture, we believe that although U.S. inflation has peaked and clearly started to decline, it will stay uncomfortably high and is not going to fall fast as inflationary pressures still subsist in the services sector and show no sign of abating.

As for the U.S. economy, we are of the opinion that it is currently in the midst of a marked economic slowdown and probably, on the cusp of a recession. For us, a recession is defined as a vicious circle with falling output, sales, income, and employment. So far, although the first three variables have been clearly moving to the downside, employment remains tight in the U.S., possibly because of certain post-COVID related factors. Here, history shows that employment can hold up longer than expected in a recessionary scenario.

One common feature of recession is the diffusion of economic weakness from industry to industry and region to region. This is exactly what we've been seeing as the current earnings season unfolds.

On the global front, all other major international economies have been decelerating markedly and, contrary to 2008 when China did take up the growth baton, this time around there's no clear locomotive of growth out there. As such, we believe that the odds of a global recession are quite high and that, this is not reflected in current markets valuations. As for the local stock market, although Mauritius is an island, it is certainly not immune from developments overseas.

Against such a backdrop, from an investment perspective, we continue to believe that surviving a bear market remains the name of the game. In such an environment, cash as an asset class remains appealing at least until the risk/reward payoff becomes more attractive.

The Manager 6 January 2023

## Deloitte.

7th-8th floor, Standard Chartered Tower 19-21 Bank Street Cybercity Ebène 72201 Mauritius

## <u>Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders' of the sub-funds of the NIT Unit Trust</u>

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#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the sub-funds of NIT Unit Trust (the "sub-funds" or the "Trust") set out on pages 6 to 67, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the sub-funds as at 30 June 2022, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and the requirements of the Trust Deed.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standard Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The Manager and Trustee are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Trust information and the Manager's and Trustee's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager and Trustee are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Trust Deed and they are also responsible for such internal control as the Manager and Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager and Trustee are responsible for assessing the Trust's and its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager and Trustee either intend to liquidate the Trust and its sub-funds or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager and Trustee are responsible for overseeing the Trust's and its sub-funds' financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Deloitte.

7th-8th floor, Standard Chartered Tower 19-21 Bank Street Cybercity Ebene 72201 Mauritius

## Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders' of the sub-funds of the NIT Unit Trust (Cont'd)

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Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's
  and its sub-funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's and Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's and its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust and its sub-funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with the Manager and Trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of this report

This report is made solely to the sub-funds' unitholders, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the sub-funds' unitholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. We do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the sub-funds' unitholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte

Chartered Accountants

Licensed by FRC

06 January 2023

## Statement of Financial Position | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Local Equity Fund and the NIT Global Opportunities Fund

		NIT Local Equity Fund		The series of th	
		2022 RS	720771 Res	<u>यात्र</u> 1. क्षेत्र	
	Notes				
Assets					
Non-Current Assets					
Financial assets at FVTPL	5	209,705,249	408,625,951	8,343,350	187.370,864
Current Assets					
Other receivables	7	2,428,599	3,312,007	-	-
Tax receivables	11	75,581	85,023	-	•
Cash and cash equivalents	đ	45,721,206	43,770,884	340,530,495	376.211,213
_		48,225,386	47,167,914	340,530,495	376,211,213
Total Assets		257,930,635	455,793,865	348,873,845	563,582,077
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Other payables	ÿ	741,510	670,637	760,662	966,778
Total Lizbilities		741,510	670,637	760,662	966,778
Net Assets attributable to Unitholders					
Redeemable units		471,677,508	757,324,4 <del>6</del> 8	85,008,828	298,929,748
Retained earnings		(214,488,383)	(302,201,240)	263,105,155	263,685,551
		257,189,125	455,123,228	348,113,185	562,615,299
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		257,930,635	455,793,865	348,873,845	563,582,077
		2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	<del></del>		

Approved by the Manager of the NIT Local Equity Fund & NIT Global Opportunities Fundand authorised for issue on

28 December 2022

Manager National Investment Trust Ltd

Represented by

# Statement of Financial Position | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT North America Fund and the NIT Europe Fund

	Notes	NIT North Amer	ica Fund 2021 RS	- Millioni 2022	7775) 7775) 75
Assets					
Non-Current Assets Financial assets at FVTPL	5	-	9,255,118		7,704,545
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	9	2,499,917	45,077,519	982,857	21,661,688
Total Assets		2,499,917	54,332,637	982,857	29,366,233
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities Other payables	â	490,221	215,188	390,584	207,533
Total Liabilities		490,221	215,188	390,584	207,533
Net Assets attributable to Unitholders Redeemable units Retained earnings		(27,707,170) 29,716,866	24,994,748 29,122,701	(8,816,705) 9,408,978	18,802,179 10,355,521
-		2,009,696	54,117,449	592,273	29,158,700
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,499,917	54,332 637	982,857	29,366,233

Approved by the Manager of the NIT North America Fund & NIT Europe Fund and authorised for issue on

28 December 2022

Manager National Investment Trust Ltd

Represented by

1. Blackborn

## Statement of Financial Position | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Emerging Market Fund and the NIT Global Bond Fund

Notes	-	- 107	भगवीक्षात इस्ट	
5		14,695,099	<u></u>	4,151,696
ā	4,131,513	37,025,153	1,544,141	16,831,848
	4,131,513	37,025,153	1,544,141	16,831,848
•	4,131,513	51,720,252	1,544,141	20,983,544
ÿ	500,418	235,927	185,848	185,298
	500,418	235,927	185,648	185,298
	(18,294,215)	29,369,540	(2,970,597)	16,579,911
	21,925,310	22,114,785	4,328,890	4,218,335
	3,631,095	51,484,325	1,358,293	20,798,246
	4,131,513	51,720,252	1,544,141	20,983,544
	÷ .	Funivotes 2,022 15 2 2,022 15 2 2,022 15 2 2,022 15 2 2,022 15 2 2,022 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	FES	Fund   STUTE   STUTE

Approved by the Manager of the NIT Emerging Market Funds & NIT Global Bond Fundand authorised for issue on

28 December 2022

Manager

National Investment Trust Ltd

Represented by

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## Statement of Financial Position | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Global Healthcare Fund and the NIT Global Value Fund

	Notes	NIT Global Heal	thcare Fund 2025 Eg	) (10.000) - 2024 - 78	na israelikus Zirtelikus
Assets					
Non-Current Assets					
Financial assets at FVTPL	5		8,388,738	-	22,274,411
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	8	6,178,511	31,995,135	4,690,871	32,441,696
Total Assets		6,178,511	40,383,873	4,690,871	54.715,107
Liabilities	<b>-</b>				_
Current Liabilities					
Other payables	ā	366,887	210.075	508,276	229,730
Total Liabilities		366,887	210,075	508,276	229,730
Net Assets attributable to Unitholders					
Redeemable units		(12,587,000)	20,643,149	(17,957,344)	30,700,895
Retained earnings		18,398,624	19,530,649	22,139,939	23.785,482
		5,811,624	40,173,798	4,182,595	54,485.377
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6,178,511	40,383,873	4,690,871	54,716,107

Approved by the Manager of the NIT Global Healthcare Fund & NIT Global Value Fundand authorised for issue on

28 December 2022

Manager National Investment Trust Ltd

Represented by

T. Blackby-

# Statement of Profit or Loss | and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Local Equity Fund and the NIT Global Opportunities Fund

		NIT Local Equity Fund			Aprila di Maria. Na mandani da mangana di Maria di Mari
	Notes	2022	2021		
Income		Rs	Rs		
Dividend income		17,050,794	4,667,603	1,335,145	2,315,740
Other income		130,000	81,571	_	-
Interest income		•	46,288	-	-
		17,180,794	4,795,462	1,335,145	2,315,740
Expenses	•				
Management fees	12	(4,602,929)	(3,886,562)	(6,093,017)	(6,127,175)
Custodian fees	15	(447,659)	(356,035)	(136,048)	(353,719)
Trustee fees	13	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)
Printing and stationeries		(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(115,000)	(110,500)	(97,750)
Adjustment for over provision accrued income					
previous period		-	(255,237)	-	-
Bank charges		(6,875)	(5,293)	(678,754)	(55,750)
General expenses		(3,286,110)	(92,962)	(43,767)	(19,392)
Total operating expenses		(8,734,073)	(4,991,089)	(7,342,086)	(6,933,786)
Net operating income	,	8,446,721	(195,627)	(6,006,941)	(4,618,046)
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash	5	79,288,203	47,260,443	(2,982,952)	103,653,485
equivalents		-	_	8,409,497	38,428,085
		79,288,203	47,260,443	5,426,545	142,081,570
Net profit/ (loss) before taxation		87,734,924	47,064,816	(580,396)	137,463,524
Taxation	11	(22,067)	-	-	••
Profit/ (loss) for the year, being total					
comprehensive income for the year	2	87,712,857	47,064,816	(580,396)	137,463,524

# Statement of Profit or Loss | and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT North America Fund and the NIT Europe Fund

		NIT North America Fund			
		2022	2021	71.2	
	Notes	Rs	Rs	To Design	
Income			-	-	
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(379,014)	(489,761)	(153,771)	(262,314)
Custodian fees	15	-	(37,418)	-	(29,724)
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)
Printing and stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Bank charges		(3,495)	(3,810)	(32,156)	(3,695)
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,391)	(48,267)	(19,105)
Total operating expenses		(611,276)	(658,330)	(414,694)	(422,788)
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL  Net foreign currency gains/(loss) on cash and	5	264,712	6,473,837	394,368	3,126,016
cash equivalents		940,729	5,257,315	(927,217)	3,332,380
		1,205,441	11,731,152	(532,849)	6,458,396
Net profit/ (loss) before taxation		594,165	11,072,822	(947,543)	6,035,608
Taxation	11		-		_
Profit/ (loss) for the year, being total					
comprehensive income for the year		594,165	11,072,822	(947,543)	6,035,608

## Statement of Profit or Loss | and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Emerging Market Fund and the NIT Global Bond Fund

		NIT Emerging m	arkets Fund		
	<b>N</b> 1 - 4	2022	2021	2022	
	Notes	Rs	Ra		
Income		-	-	-	115,711
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(358,996)	(451,552)	(79,926)	(117,917)
Custodian fees	15	-	(45,105)	-	(14,717)
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
Printing and stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)
Bank charges		(29,387)	(3,810)	(3,495)	(3,810)
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,392)	(48,267)	(19,277)
Total operating expenses		(617,150)	(627,809)	(312,188)	(263,671)
Changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL  Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash	5	(95,352)	9,039,332	33,152	59,476
equivalents		523,027	4,623,305	389,591	1,382,618
		427,675	13,662,637	422,743	1,442,094
Net profit/ (loss) before taxation  Taxation	11	(189,475) -	13,034,828	110,555 -	1,294,134 -
Profit/ (loss) for the year, being total comprehensive income for the year		(189,475)	13,034,828	110,555	1,294,134
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# Statement of Profit or Loss | and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Healthcare Fund and the NIT Global Value Fund

		NIT Global Healthcare Fund		e-vath choon value rumi	
	Notes	2022	2021	202.	
		Rs	Rs		
Income					
Dividend Income		_	_	1,488	9,409
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(267,156)	(367,156)	(376,528)	(458,807)
Custodian fees	15	-	(31,681)	-	(50,568)
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
Printing and Stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)
Bank charges		(97,989)	(3,810)	(41,210)	(3,810)
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,277)	(48,267)	(19,392)
Total operating expenses		(593,912)	(529,874)	(646,505)	(640,527)
Net operating income		(593,912)	(529,874)	(645,017)	(631,118)
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL  Net foreign currency gain/(loss) on cash and cash	5	113,654	2,337,055	(1,387,854)	12,765,617
equivalents		(651,767)	5,456,335	387,328	4,403,424
		(538,113)	7,793,390	(1,000,526)	17,169,041
Net profit/ (loss) before taxation Taxation	11	(1,132,025)	7,263,516	(1,645,543)	16,537,923 
Profit/ (loss) for the year, being total comprehensive income for the year		(1,132,025)	7,263,516	(1,645,543)	16,537,923

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to the Unitholders for the year ended 30 June 2022

		NIT Local Equity Fund	NIT Global Opportunities Fund
	Notes	Rs	Rs
At 1 July 2020		400,949,438	429,312,783
Issue of units	14	223,492	275,069
Redemption of units	14	(2,338,410)	(4,433,858)
Switch out	14	(2,367)	(2,219)
Issue of units in lieu of distribution payable	14	9,226,259	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		47,064,816	137,463,524
At 30 June 2021		455,123,228	562,615,299
At 1 July 2021		455,123,228	562,615,299
Issue of units	14	70,607	80,477,165
Redemption of units	14	(285,717,567)	(294,398,885)
Total comprehensive income for the year		87,712,857	(580,396)
At 30 June 2022		257,189,125	348,113,183

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets | attributable to the Unitholders for the year ended 30 June 2022

		NIT North America	
		Fund	NIT Europe Fund
	Notes	Rs	Rs
At 1 July 2020		43,593,698	23,204,426
Issue of units	14	104,000	15,000
Redemption of units	14	(653,071)	(96,334)
Total comprehensive income for the year		11,072,822	6,035,608
At 30 June 2021		54,117,449	29,158,700
At 1 July 2021		54,117,449	29,158,700
Issue of units	14	7,725,356	513,750
Redemption of units	14	(60,427,274)	(28,132,634)
Total comprehensive income for the year		594,165	(947,543)
At 30 June 2022		2,009,696	592,273

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets attributable to the Unitholders for the year ended 30 June 2022

		NIT Emerging Market Fund	NIT Global Bond Fund
	Notes	Rs	Rs
At 1 July 2020		38,559,872	19,471,112
Issue of units	14	21,000	33,000
Redemption of units	14	(131,375)	•
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	13,034,828	1,294,134
At 30 June 2021	=	51,484,325	20,798,246
At 1 July 2021		51,484,325	20,798,246
Issue of units	14	6,159,880	31,750
Redemption of units	14	(53,823,635)	(19,582,258)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(189,475)	110,555
At 30 June 2022	=	3,631,095	1,358,293

# Statement of Changes in Net Assets | attributable to the Unitholders for the year ended 30 June 2022

		NIT Global Healthcare Fund	NIT Global Value Fund
	Notes	Rs	Rs
At 1 July 2020		33,152,649	38,021,619
Issue of units	14	298,100	39,000
Switch in		-	4,586
Redemption of units	14	(540,467)	(116,751)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	7,263,516	16,537,923
At 30 June 2021	=	40,173,798	54,486,377
At 1 July 2021		40,173,798	54,486,377
Issue of units	14	599,218	7,183,356
Redemption of units	14	(33,829,367)	(55,841,595)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(1,132,025)	(1,645,543)
At 30 June 2022	<u>-</u>	5,811,624	4,182,595

## Statement of Cash Flow | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Local Equity Fund and the NIT Global Opportunities Fund

		NIT Local Equity Fund		eueramanem	manatahan	
	Notes	2022	2021	2022		
		Rs	Rs			
Cash flow from operating activities						
Net profit/(loss) before taxation		87,734,924	47,064,816	(580,396)	137,463,524	
Adjustments for:						
Interest income		-	(46,288)	-	-	
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL	5	(79,288,203)	(47,260,443)	2,982,952	(103,653,485)	
Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents		_	-	(8,409,497)	(38,428,085)	
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Operating loss before working capital changes		8,446,721	(241,915)	(6,006,941)	(4,618,046)	
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		883,408	(1,929,415)	-	-	
Decrease/(increase) in loan advance to related party		_	9,000,000	-		
(Decrease)/increase in other payables		70,873	(2,862,687)	(206,116)	(955,276)	
	•					
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		9,401,002	3,965,983	(6,213,057)	(5,573,322)	
Payment for purchases of financial assets at FVTPL	5	(20,120,057)	(1,128,960)	(985,372)	-	
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL		14,900,441	2,062,368	177,029,934	206,496,290	
Interest income received		-	214,274	-	-	
Tax paid	11	(12,625)	(133,121)	-	_	
Net cash generated from operating activities		4,168,761	4,980,544	169,831,505	200,922,968	
Cash flow from financing activities						
Proceeds from issue of units	14	70,607	223,492	80,477,165	275,069	
Payment for switch out	14	-	(2,367)	· · ·	(2,219)	
Redemption of units	14	(2,289,046)	(2,338,410)	(294,398,885)	(4,433,858)	
·	•		<del></del>			
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,218,439)	(2,117,285)	(213,921,720)	(4,161,008)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,950,322	2,863,259	(44,090,215)	196,761,960	
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		43,770,884	40,907,625	376,211,213	141,021,168	
Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents				8,409,497	38,428,085	
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	8	45,721,206	43,770,884	340,530,495	376,211,213	

## Statement of Cash Flows | For the Year Ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT North America Fund and the NIT Europe Fund

		NIT North America Fund			
	Notes	2022 Rs	2021 Rs		
Cash flow from operating activities			18-5	antenia esta de la compositiva de la c	ina nativisi eragi e telefilo et le grande
Net profit before taxation		594,165	11,072,822	(947,543)	6,035,608
Adjustments for:				•	
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL	5	(264,712)	(6,473,837)	(394,368)	(3,126,016)
Net foreign currency gains/(loss) on cash and		(0.40 ===0)	/= 0== 0.4 E)		10.000.000
cash equivalents		(940,729)	(5,257,315)	927,217	(3,332,380)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(611,276)	(658,330)	(414,694)	(422,788)
(Decrease)/increase in other payables		275,033	(2,046)	183,051	43,216
Cash used in operating activities		(336,243)	(660,376)	(231,643)	(379,572)
Property for the first of first of the section of FMTDI	-	0.540.030	24 45 4 005	2 222 242	40.460.066
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL  Payment for purchase of financial assets at fair value through	5	9,519,830	24,464,905	8,098,913	10,462,066
profit or loss	5	<del>-</del>	_	_	_
Net cash generated from operating activities		9,183,587	23,804,529	7,867,270	10,082,494
Cash flow from financing activities					
Proceeds from issue of units	14	7,725,356	104,000	513,750	15,000
Cash paid for units liquidated	14	(60,427,274)	(653,071)	(28,132,634)	(96,334)
Net cash used in financing activities		(52,701,918)	(549,071)	(27,618,884)	(81,334)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(43,518,331)	23,255,458	(19,751,614)	10,001,160
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		45,077,519	16,564,746	21,661,688	8,328,148
Exchange (losses)/gains on cash and cash equivalents		940,729	5,257,315	(927,217)	3,332,380
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	8	2,499,917	45,077,519	982,857	21,661,688

## Statement of Cash Flows | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Emerging Market Fund and the NIT Global Bond Fund

		NIT Emerging Ma	arket Fund		
	Notes	2022 Rs	2021 D-		Service Services
Cash flow from operating activities		NO	Rs		
Net profit before taxation		(189,475)	13,034,828	110,555	1,294,134
				•	, ,
Adjustments for:					
Changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	5	95,352	(9,039,332)	(33,152)	(59,476)
Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents		(523,027)	(4,623,305)	(389,591)	(1,382,618)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(617,150)	(627,809)	(312,188)	(147,960)
Decrease in other receivables		<u>.</u>	_	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in other payables		264,491	19,785	550	54,936
Cash used in operating activities		(352,659)	(608,024)	(311,638)	(93,024)
Payment for purchases of financial assets at FVTPL	5	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	5	14,599,747	23,921,988	4,184,848	6,914,006
Net cash generated from operating activities		14,247,088	23,313,964	3,873,210	6,820,982
Cash flow from financing activities:			54.000		
Proceeds from issue of units	14	6,159,880	21,000	31,750	33,000
Cash paid for units liquidated	14	(53,823,635)	(131,375)	(19,582,258)	-
Net cash generated from financing activities		(47,663,755)	(110,375)	(19,550,508)	33,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(33,416,667)	23,203,589	(15,677,298)	6,853,982
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		37,025,153	9,198,259	16.831,848	8,595,248
Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents		523,027	4,623,305	389,591	1,382,618
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	8	4,131,513	37,025,153	1,544,141	16,831,848

# Statement of Cash Flows | for the year ended 30 June 2022 for the NIT Global Healthcare Fund and the NIT Global Value Fund

		NIT Global Healt	hcare Fund	g Astropastivismi vairos anvalo	
	Notes	2022	2021		
Cash flow from operating activities		Rs	Rs		
Net profit before taxation		(1,132,025)	7,263,516	(1,645,543)	16,537,923
Adjustments for: Changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	5	(113,654)	(2,337,055)	1 207 05/	(12,765,617)
Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents	,	651,767	(5,456,335)	(387,328)	(4,403,424)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(593,912)	(529,874)	(645,017)	(631,118)
Increase/ (decrease) in other payables		156,812	23,668	278,546	24,737
Cash used in operating activities		(437,100)	(506,207)	(366,471)	(606,381)
Payment for purchases of financial assets at FVTPL	5	-	-	-	_
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	5	8,502,392	20,060,557	20,886,557	21,756,277
Net cash generated from operating activities		8,065,292	19,554,350	20,520,086	21,149,896
Cash flow from financing activities:					
Proceeds from issue of units	14	599,218	298,100	7,183,356	39,000
Proceeds from switch in	14	-	-	-,105,550	4,586
Cash paid for units liquidated	14	(33,829,367)	(540,467)	(55,841,595)	(116,751)
Net cash used in financing activities		(33,230,149)	(242,367)	(48,658,239)	(73,165)
The cash asea in manang activities		(33,230,143)	(474,501)	(40,030,233)	(13,103)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(25,164,857)	19,311,983	(28,138,153)	21,076,731
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		31,995,135	7,226,816	32,441,696	6,961,541
Exchange gain on cash and cash equivalents		(651,767)	5,456,335	387,328	4,403,424
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	8	6,178,511	31,995,135	4,690,871	32,441,696

#### 1. General Information

NIT Unit Trust (the 'Sub-Funds') was authorized to operate as a Collective Investment Scheme under Section 97 of the Securities Act 2005 on 15 January 2013. The sub-funds comply with the Securities Act 2005 and the Securities Act (Collective Investment Scheme and Closed-End Funds) Regulations 2008. The sub-funds are managed by National Investment Trust Ltd (the 'Manager'). The Manager currently manages 8 sub-funds, established under the NIT Unit Trust namely NIT Local Equity Fund, NIT Global Opportunities Fund, NIT North America Fund, NIT Europe Fund, NIT Emerging Markets Fund, NIT Global Bond Fund, NIT Global Healthcare Fund and NIT Global Value Fund.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all year presented, unless stated otherwise.

#### 2.1 Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and its related bodies. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for fair valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the sub-funds' accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are described in Note 4.

#### Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

In the current year, the sub-funds have applied all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 July 2021.

#### New and revised standards that are effect but with no material effect on the financial statements

The following relevant revised Standards have been applied in these financial statements. Their application has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior periods but may affect the accounting treatment for future transactions or arrangements:

- IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform IFRS 9
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendments regarding replacement issues in the context of the IBOR reform
- IFRS 16 Leases Amendment to extend the exemption from assessing whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification

#### (ii) New and revised Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following relevant new and revised Standards were in issue but effective on annual periods beginning on or after the respective dates as indicated:

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

#### Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

- (iii) New and revised Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective (Continued)
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments regarding the disclosure of accounting policies (effective 1 January 2023)
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities as current and non-current (effective 1 January 2023)
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendment to defer the effective date of the January 2020 amendments (effective 1 January 2023)
- IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors Amendments regarding the definition of accounting estimates (effective 1 January 2023)
- IAS 12 Income Taxes Amendments regarding deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations (effective 1 January 2023)
- IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Amendments regarding the costs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss making (effective 1 January 2022)
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 (fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities) (effective 1 January 2022)

The Manager anticipates that these Standards and Interpretation will be applied on their effective dates in future periods. The Manager has not yet had an opportunity to consider the potential impact of the application of these amendments.

#### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to the investors in Mauritian Rupee ("Rs"). The Manager and the Trustee considers the Mauritian Rupees "Rs" as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in Rs, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of their fair value gain or loss. Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transactions.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the sub-funds' statement of financial position when the sub-funds become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Despite the foregoing, the sub-funds may make the following irrevocable election/designation at initial recognition of a financial asset:

- the sub-funds may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met; and
- the sub-funds may irrevocably designate a debt investment that meets the amortised cost or FVOCI criteria as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

#### (i) Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### (i) Amortised cost and effective interest method (Continued)

For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets (i.e. assets that are credit impaired on initial recognition), the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVOCI. For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the sub-funds recognise interest income by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. The calculation does not revert to the gross basis even if the credit risk of the financial asset subsequently improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired.

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Specifically:

- Investments in unquoted instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the sub-funds designate an equity investment
  that is neither held for trading nor a contingent consideration arising from a business combination as at FVOCI on
  initial recognition.
- Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVOCI criteria are classified as at FVTPL. In
  addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the FVOCI criteria may be designated as
  at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition
  inconsistency (so called 'accounting mismatch') that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising
  the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Sub-funds have not designated any debt instruments as at
  FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other gains and losses' line item; and
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences
  are recognised in profit or loss in the 'other gains and losses' line item.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The sub-funds recognise a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

For these financial instruments, the Fund recognise lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

#### (a) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Fund considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Fund's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Fund's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- · significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the
  debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### (a) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Fund presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Fund has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Fund assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

A financial instrument is determined to have a low credit risk if:

- 1. the financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- 2. the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- 3. adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Fund regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### (b) <u>Definition of default</u>

The Fund considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that financial assets that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- · when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its
  creditors, including the Fund, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Fund).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Fund considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Fund has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### (c) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- · significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower,
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; orthe disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### (d) Write off

The Fund writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Fund's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (e) Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Fund's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Fund in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Fund has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Fund measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which the simplified approach was used.

The Fund recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Fund are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Fund's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and financial guarantee contracts issued by the Fund, are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

#### Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Accruals and other payables

Accruals and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequent stated at amortised cost. The difference between the proceeds and the amount payable is recognised over the period of payable using the effective interest method.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.4 Interest income and interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Interest is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method. Interest income includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss includes interest from debt securities held.

#### 2.5 Revenue recognition

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Dividend arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised when the security is quoted ex-dividend.

#### 2.6 Distribution payable to unitholders

Out of the eight sub-funds only NIT Local Equity Fund distributes dividends. In this case, proposed distribution is recognised as a liability and as equalisation in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year to which it relates.

#### 2.7 Management fees

Management fee is payable to the Manager and is based on 1% of the net asset value of the sub-funds (NIT Global opportunities fund 1.25% & Global Bond 0.60%). Management fee is calculated weekly and are paid guarterly in arrears.

#### 2.8 Trustee's fees

Trustee's fees payable to SBM Fund Services Ltd are at a flat rate of Rs 150,000 annually for NIT Local Equity & NIT Global Opportunities. The fees are payable half yearly in arrears. As for the other sub-funds, the amount paid during the financial year amounted to Rs, 60,000 each.

#### 2.9 Other receivables

Receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment, if any.

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short term deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 2.11 Redeemable Units

Classification of redeemable units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.11 Redeemable Units (Continued)

Classification of redeemable units (Continued)

All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.

The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets.

The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund; and
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the holders of redeemable units.

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features or meet all the conditions set out to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions. Upon issuance of shares, the consideration received is included in equity.

#### 2.12 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2.13 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the sub-funds and the Fund expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2.14 Other payables

Other payables and accruals are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the sub-funds have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the sub-funds will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### 2.16 Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

#### 2.17 Related parties

Related parties are individuals and companies where the individual or the sub-funds has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions or is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity. An entity is related to a reporting entity if both of them are members of the same group or one of them is either an associate or joint venture of the other entity. Related party can also arise if the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the employee of the reporting entity.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The sub-funds activities expose them to a variety of financial risks. These risks include market risk (including price risk, currency risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The sub-funds are also exposed to operational risks such as custody risk. Custody risk is the risk of loss of securities held in custody occasioned by the insolvency or negligence of the custodian. Although an appropriate legal framework is in place that eliminates the risk of loss of value of the securities held by the custodian, in the event of its failure, the ability of the sub-funds to transfer securities might be temporarily impaired.

The sub-funds' overall risk management programme seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the sub-funds are exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the sub-funds' financial performance.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on equity and debt securities is limited to the fair value of those positions.

Risk management is carried out by National Investment Trust (Manager) under policies approved by the board of directors. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and investment of excess liquidity.

The sub-funds use different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which they are exposed; these methods are explained below.

#### (a) Market risk

Price risk

The sub-funds are exposed to equity price risk. This arises from investments held by the sub-funds for which prices in the future are uncertain.

The sub-fund's policy also limits individual securities as follows:

#### For NIT Local Equity Fund:

- The value of the aggregate values of any investments in any sub-fund shall not exceed 25% of the total value of the Fund;
- The nominal amount of any investment in shares or stock of any Fund or body shall not exceed 10% of the total nominal amount of all issued shares or stock of that sub-fund; and
- Where in any period, the value of the aggregate values of any investments in any sub-fund exceeds 25% of the total value of
  the sub-fund, the Manager and the Trustee will take necessary step to reduce the percentage of investments
  accordingly.

The Fund's equity and debt investments are publicly traded on the Stock Exchange of Mauritius and Overseas. The Fund's policy requires that the overall market position is monitored on a regular basis by the Manager and the Trustee.

#### For all overseas Funds:

- The value of the aggregate values of any investments in the shares of Collective Investment Scheme shall not exceed 25% of the total value of the sub-fund;
- The value of the aggregate value of any investments in any investee Fund or body shall not exceed 10% of the total nominal amount of all issued shares or stock of that sub-fund; and
- The nominal amount of any investment in shares or stock of any investee Fund or body shall not exceed 10% of the total nominal amount of all issued shares or stock of the fund.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

The Sub-funds' equity and debt investments are publicly traded on Stock Exchanges. The Sub-funds policies require that the overall marketposition is monitored on a regular basis by the Manager.

At 30 June 2022, the fair value of investments exposed to price risk was as follows:

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	2022 Rs	
NIT Local Equity Fund	209,705,249	408,625,951
NIT Global Opportunities Fund	8,343,350	187,370,864
NIT North America Fund	-	9,255,118
NIT Europe Fund	-	7,704,545
NIT Emerging Markets Fund	-	14,695,099
NIT Global Bond Fund	-	4,151,696
NIT Global Healthcare Fund	-	8,388,738
NIT Global Value Fund	-	22,274,411

The Sub-funds also manage their exposure to price risk by analysing the investment portfolio by industrial sector. The Sub-funds' policy are to concentrate the investment portfolio in sectors where the Manager and the Trustee believe the Sub-funds can maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Sub-funds are exposed.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Manager's and the Trustee's best estimate of the effect on statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year due to a possible change in securities price, with all variables held constant is indicated on the table below.

If the security prices had been 5% higher/lower, net assets attributable to unitholders would increase/decrease as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2022 Rs	
NIT Local Equity Fund	10,485,262	20,431,298
NIT Global Opportunities Fund	• •	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	417,168	9,368,543
NIT North America Fund	-	462,756
NIT Europe Fund	-	385,227
NIT Emerging Markets Fund	-	734,755
NIT Global Bond Fund	-	207,585
NIT Global Healthcare Fund	•	419,437
NIT Global Value Fund	-	1,113,721

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values of financial assets and liabilities, as reported in the Sub-funds' statements of financial position could change due to fluctuations in prevailing levels of market interest rates. All of the Sub-funds' financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing except of cash and cash equivalents which are placed at short term interest rates.

The Manager and the Trustee consider that the Sub-funds are not subject to significant amount of risk arising from changes in interest rates on cash and cash equivalents as these are short term in nature and changes in their values or interest cash flows in the event of achange in interest rates will not be material. Therefore, no interest rate risk sensitivity analysis on cash and cash equivalents has been performed. However, changes in interest rates could impact on earnings of entities in which the Sub-funds have invested.

#### Foreign currency risk

When the Sub-funds holds assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Mauritian Rupees ("Rs"), they are exposed to currency risk, as the value of the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Sub-funds' policies are not to enter into any currency hedging transactions.

### Currency

Mauritian Rupee United States Dollar Japanese Yen Euro Pound Sterling

# Currency

Mauritian Rupee United States Dollar NIT Global Opportunities Fund
2022 2021
Financial Financial Formula

l Financia liabilitie Rs		Financial habithies Ro
569 760,	<b>662</b> 1,918,822	966,778
546	- 381,893,136	-
-	- 7,198	-
535	- 153,359,689	-
095	- 26,403,232	<u>.</u>
345 760,	<b>662</b> 563,582,077	966,778

#### NIT North America Fund

2022					
	Financial liabilities Rs		E Proposition (Centre)		
463,026	490,221	111,882	215,188		
2,036,891	-	54,220,755	-		
2,499,917	490,221	54,332,637	215,188		

- 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)
- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (a) Market risk (Continued)

Currency
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Mauritian Rupee

Euro

United States Dollar

### Currency

Mauritian Rupee

United States Dollar

Euro

### Currency

Mauritian Rupee

**United States Dollar** 

### Currency

Mauritian Rupee

**United States Dollar** 

Euro

**NIT Europe Fund** 

2022 Financial assets Rs	Financial liabilities Rs	ZIII/ Einancial atsols Ro	February Complete Court
27,501	390,584	1,543,583	207,533
952,698	-	27,820,157	-
2,658		2,493	_
982,857	390,584	29,366,233	207,533

NIT Emerging Market Fund

	1411	ing manace is	114
2022			
Financial	Financial		ement Eller
assets	liabilities		
Rs	Rs		
19,833	500,418	78,625	235,927
3,428,251	-	42,531,377	•
683,429	-	9,110,250	-
4,131,513	500,418	51,720,252	235,927

### **NIT Global Bond Fund**

2022			
Financial	Financial	Francia	BIOLOGICA SECTION
assets	liabilities		Half Hiller
Rs	Rs		
6,855	185,848	316,957	185,298
1,537,286	-	20,666,587	_
1,544,141	185,848	20,983,544	185,298

### **NIT Global Healthcare Fund**

2022		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Financial	France	
	liabilities	3.00	Tablia B.
i de	Rs		
472,655	366,887	441,029	210,075
1,277,978	-	7,479,306	-
4,427,878		32,463,538	
6,178,511	366,887	40,383,873	210,075

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

# **Currency**Mauritian Rupee United States Dollar

Euro

#### NIT Global Value Fund

	IVII GIGDAI	value i ullu	
2022			
Financial	Financial		
assets	liabilities		
Rs	Rs		
133,778	508,276	152,281	229,730
3,709,747	-	43,025,626	-
847,346	-	11,538,200	_
4,690,871	508,276	54,716,107	229,730

The exchange rate risk arises mainly out of the Sub-funds' investment in the securities which are denominated in currencies other than "Rs". The currency risk between the foreign currency of the investments and the functional currency of the Fund is not actively managed and fluctuates with market movements.

The following table details the Sub-funds' sensitivity to a 5% and 10% change in the Mauritian Rupee against the relevant foreign currencies. A 5% and 10% represents the Manager's and the Trustee's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and net assets attributable to unitholders, where the Mauritian Rupee weakens 5% and 10% against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% and 10% strengthening of the Mauritian Rupee against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit and net assets attributable to unitholders and the balances below would be negative.

#### Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar Euro Pound Sterling Japanese Yen

Total (Rs)

# Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

202 5% Rs	2 10% Rs		
12,375,977	24,751,955	19,094,657	38,189,314
3,971,282	7,942,564	7,667,984	15,335,969
933,205	1,866,410	1,320,162	1,628,016
-	-	_	
17,280,464	34,560,929	28,082,803	55,153,299

#### NIT North America Fund

10	)1,845	203,689	2,711,038	5,422,076
Rs		Rs	t ti	Ps
5%		10%	5%	10%
	2022			

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

- +		•
Foreign	currency	impact
	- with the street	mpace

Euro

United States Dollar

#### Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar

Euro

#### Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar

### Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar

Euro

### Foreign currency impact

United States Dollar

Euro

# NIT Europe Fund

 47,768	95,536	1,391,133	2,782,265
 133	266	125	249
47,635	95,270	1,391,008	2,782,016
Rs	Rs	na Process	
5%	10%	n in the second	
2022			

### **NIT Emerging Markets Fund**

2022			
5%	10%		
Rs	Rs		
171,413	342,825	2,126,569	4,253,138
34,171	68,343	455,513	911,025
205,584	411,168	2,582,082	5,164,163

### NIT Global Bond Fund

76,864	153,729	1,033,329	2,066,659
Rs	Rs		
5%	10%		
2022			
2022	65	STATE OF STA	

#### **NIT Global Healthcare Fund**

2022			
5%	10%		
63,899	127,798	1,623,177	3,246,354
221,394	442,788	373,965	747,931
285,293	570,586	1,997,142	3,994,285

### NIT Global Value Fund

2022			
5%	10%	5.5	in tel 10 V go est est
Rs	Rs	p Color	
185,487	370,975	2,151,281	4,302,563
42,367	84,735	576,910	1,153,820
227,854	455,710	2,728,191	5,456,383

The above foreign currency impact is mainly attributable to the foreign currency exposure on investment balances.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The Sub-funds take on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counter party will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Impairment provisions are made for losses that have been incurred at the end of the reporting period, if any.

The Sub-funds' main credit risk concentration is associated with bank balances and other receivables.

All transactions in listed securities are settled / paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The transaction will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

The bank balances are held with reputable financial institutions.

Accordingly, the Sub-funds have no significant concentration of credit risk. None of the Sub-funds financial assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-funds may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle their obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Sub-funds are exposed to weekly cash redemptions of redeemable units. They therefore invest the majority of their assets in financial assets that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of. The Sub-funds listed financial assets are considered readily realisable, as they are listed on Stock Exchanges.

The tables below analyse the Sub-funds' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as impact of discounting is not significant.

				-
Finan	cial	liab	ilit	ies

Other payables Distribution payable

	2022 Less than		cal Equity Fund		
At call Rs	one year Rs	Total Rs			
-	741,510	741,510 -	<del>-</del>	670,637 -	670,637
*	741,510	741,510		670,637	670,637

NIT Local Equity Fund

NIT Global Opportunities Fund

#### Financial liabilities

Other payables
----------------

# 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

# (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

	•	NIT North Amer	rica Fund	
Financial liabilities	2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	Total ALZa Rs Rs	202 i Less than I onle year Rs	
Other payables	- 490,221	490,221	- 215,188	215,188
Financial liabilities	2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	NIT Europe Fund Total At cal Rs Rs	AME Estated	Hotel State
Other payables	- 390,584	390,584	- 207,533	207,533
Financial liabilities	N 2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	IT Emerging Markets  Total At cal  Rs Rs		Control of the Contro
Other payables	- 500,418	500,418	- 235,927	235,927
		NIT Global Bond Fur	nd	
Financial liabilities	2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	Total At cal	.2021 læss than one year Rs	
Other payables	- 185,848	185,848	- 185,298	185,298
	N	IT Global Healthcare	Fund	
Financial liabilities	2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	Total Assal		
Other payables	- 366,887	366,887	- 210,075	210,075
		NIT Global Value Fu	n <b>d</b>	
Financial liabilities	2022 Less than At call one year Rs Rs	Total At ca Rs Rs	2021 Less than I one year RS	Torri Ra
Other payables	- 508,276	508,276	- 229,730	229,730

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, the Manager and the Trustee do not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as unitholders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

In case of NIT Local Equity Fund, distributions to holder of units are made by way of re-investment to purchase additional units as no entry fee on the next valuation day following the payment of distribution.

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The capital of the Sub-funds is represented by the net assets attributable to the unitholders. The amount of net assets attributable to the unitholders can change significantly on a weekly basis as the Sub-funds are subject to weekly subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of the unitholders. The Sub-funds main purpose is to make portfolio investments in listed securities on overseas markets. The investment portfolios are very well diversified to mitigate investment risk.

The Sub-funds' objective when managing capital is to provide an adequate return to the unitholder by achieving and preserving above average long-term real capital returns through a policy of investing primarily in quoted securities. The Sub-funds seek to achieve this through participating in rising markets whilst following a strategy more suitable for capital preservation when quoted securities prices are falling.

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other payables approximate their fair values.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels: At 30 June 2022 and 2021 all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were classified as Level 1. There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### 3.4 **Category of Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments by category are as follows:		alert le ".	· 1	
Financial assets	Financial assets	NIT Local Equity  inancial assets  at FVTPL	inguard arsea	
Financial assets at FVTPL	2022 Rs -	2022 Rs 209,705,249		408,625,951
Other receivables	2,428,599	-	3,312,007	-
Loan receivables  Cash and cash equivalents	- 45,721,206	-	- 43,770,884	-
	48,149,805	209,705,249	47,082,891	408,625,951
Financial liabilities	at FVTPL a	Other liabilities at mortised cost		er Politic de la
	2022 Rs	2022 Rs	inger kunderskere. Derec verscherense	
Other payables Distribution to unitholders	-	741,510	-	670,637
Distribution to ununolucis		741,510	-	670,637
		NIT Global Oppo	rtunities Fund	
Financial assets	Financial assets at amortised Fi cost 2022	inancial assets at FVTPL 2022	inancial assets ar amortisad F cast 2021	nennalasses Assvapl
Financial assets at FVTPL	Rs -	Rs 8,343,350	_	187,370,864
Cash and cash equivalents	340,530,495	÷	376,211,213	*
	340,530,495	8,343,350	376,211,213	187,370,864
Financial liabilities		Other liabilities at mortised cost 2022 Rs	Financial liabilities at FVIPL 2021 Rs	Other labilities at mortised cast 2021 Rs
Other payables	_	760,662	-	966,778
		NIT North Ameri	ca Fund	
Financial assets	Financial assets at amortised Fi cost 2022 Rs	inancial assets at FVTPL 2022 Rs	inancial assets at amortised F cost 2021 Rs	inancial assets at FVTPL 2021 Rs
Financial assets at FVTPL  Cash and cash equivalents	- 2,499,917	-	- 45,077,519	9,255,118
Cash and Cash equivalents	2,499,917		45,077,519	9,255,118
	£,433,317		בו נ,ווט,נד	5,433,118

# 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

# 3.4 Category of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	NIT North	CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs	s at cost		Other schlines as critised cost 4021 4021
Other payables	- 49	0,221		215,188
	NIT Europ	ne Fund		
Financial assets	Financial assets at amortised Financial a cost at FVTF 2022 2022 Rs Rs	ssets # ใ	andal asabs amortised Fir fost 2021	anich/assatz at I VIPE 2021
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	20-	7,704,545
Cash and cash equivalents	982,857	-	21,661,688	<del></del>
	982,857	-	21,661,688	7,704,545
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs	at		Other abilities at criced gost 2021 Rs
Other payables	- 39	0,584		207,533
Financial assets	NIT Emer Financial assets at amortised Financial a cost at FVTF 2022 2022 Rs Rs	Figures	intentusciais of a	ranicial posses at EV/PI 2021 Rs
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	14,695,099
Cash and cash equivalents	4,131,513		37,025,153	
	4,131,513	-	37,025,153	14,695,099
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs	at		Other labilities at nortised cost 2021 R5
Other payables	- 50	0,418	_	235,927

# 3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

# 3.4 Category of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	Not assessed and the second discount of the second of the	l Bond Fund	52 (000000 A) a hofe in 40 / 2 APA (400 a) 201 (400 a) 40 APA (400
Financial assets	Financial assets  at amortised Financial as  cost at FVTP  2022 2022		
	Rs Rs		
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	16.001.040	4,151,696
Cash and cash equivalents	1,544,141 1,544,141	- 16,831,848 - 16,831,848	4,151,696
	1,344,141	- 10,031,046	4,131,030
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs	at liabilities	Other Habilities 31 normal cost 2021
Other payables			185,298
		1 1 2 - 1 2 1	
Financial assets	Financial assets	l Healthcare Fund	
	at amortised Financial as cost at FVTPI 2022 2022	sets an amortisse to	nandalasses ar EVNA 2021
Financial assets at FVTPL	Rs Rs		8,388,738
Cash and cash equivalents	6,178,511	- 31,995,135	0,300,130
	6,178,511	- 31,995,135	8,388,738
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs	at liabilities cost at FVTPL ai	Other liabilities at montsed fost 2021 Rs
Other payables	- 366		210,075
	NIT Cloba	l Value Fund	
Financial assets	Financial assets	Tagggel/Esses	
	at amortised Financial as cost at FVTP 2022 2022		name de lasco La RIFICAL 2008
	Rs Rs		
Financial assets at FVTPL  Cash and cash equivalents	- 4,690,871	- 22 441 606	22,274,411
Caआ बाच Casii equivalents	4,690,871	- 32,441,696 - 32,441,696	22,274,411
Financial liabilities	Financial Other liabilities liabilities at FVTPL amortised 2022 2022 Rs Rs		Other liabilities at mortised cost 2021 Rs
Other payables		3,276 -	279,730
· -	***************************************		<del></del>

#### 4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Manager and the Trustee to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Judgements and estimates are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations and assumptions concerning future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The actual results could therefore, by definition, often differ from the related accounting estimates.

Where applicable, the notes to the financial statements set out areas where the Manager and the Trustee have applied a higher degree of judgement that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, or estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial yearare discussed below:

#### Determination of functional currency

The determination of the functional currency of the Sub-funds are critical since recording of transactions and exchange differences arisingthereon are dependent on the functional currency selected. As described in Note 2.2, the Manager and the Trustee have considered those factors therein and have determined that the functional currency of the Fund is the "Rs". The Manager and the Trustee considers "Rs" as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

#### 5. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")

	NIT	Local Equity Fu	nd
At fair value		Development	
	Official	& Enterprises	lani
	Warket	Market	
	Re	Rg	
At 1 July 2020	348,380,918	13,917,998	362,298,916
Additions	1,128,960	-	1,128,960
Disposals	(2,062,368)	-	(2,062,368)
Fair value (loss) / gain on revaluation	41,950,694	5,309,749	47,260,443
At 30 June 2021	389,398,204	19,227,747	408,625,951
Additions	20,120,057	-	20,120,057
Disposals*	(290,178,419)	(8,150,543)	(298,328,962)
Fair value gain / (loss) on revaluation	87,841,264	(8,553,061)	79,288,203
At 30 June 2022	207,181,106	2,524,143	209,705,249

<sup>\*</sup>The redemption of units held in NIT Local Equity Fund by National Savings Fund and National Pension Fund (unit holders) amounting to Rs 283,428,521 was settled through the transfer of investment shares held by the NIT Local Equity Fund to the unit holders.

At fair value At 1 July 2020	Opportunities Fund Fund RS 290,213,669
Additions	-
Disposals	(206,496,290)
Fair value gain on revaluation	103,653,485
At 30 June 2021	187,370,864
Additions	985,372
Disposals	(177,029,934)
Fair value gain on revaluation	(2,982,952)
At 30 June 2022	8,343,350

NIT Global

# 5. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") (Continued)

	America Fund
At fair value	Total Rs
At 1 July 2020 Additions	27,246,186
Disposals	(24,464,905)
Fair value gain on revaluation	6,473,837
At 30 June 2021 Additions	9,255,118 -
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(9,519,830)
At 30 June 2022	264,712
At 30 June 2022	The state of the s
	NIT Europe Fund
At fair value	Fotal Rs
At 1 July 2020	15,040,595
Additions	<del>.</del>
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(10,462,066) 3,126,016
At 30 June 2021	
Additions	7,704,545
Disposals	(8,098,913)
Fair value gain on revaluation	394,368
At 30 June 2022	<u> </u>
	NIT Emerging Markets Fund
At fair value	Total
At 1 July 2020	29,577,755
Additions	-
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(23,921,988) 9,039,332
At 30 June 2021 Additions	14,695,099
Disposals	(14,599,747)
Fair value gain on revaluation	(95,352)
At 30 June 2022	<u>-</u>

**NIT North** 

# 5. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") (Continued)

	Bond Fund
At fair value	Total Rs
<b>At 1 July 2020</b> Additions	11,006,226
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(6,914,006) 59,476
At 30 June 2021 Additions	4,151,696
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(4,184,848) 33,152
At 30 June 2022	-
	NIT Global Healthcare Fund
At fair value	Total PS
At 1 July 2020 Additions	26,112,240 -
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(20,060,557) 2,337,055
At 30 June 2021 Additions	8,388,738
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(8,502,392) 113,654
At 30 June 2022	
	NIT Global Value Fund
At fair value	Total
At 1 July 2020 Additions	31,265,071 -
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(21,756,277) 12,765,617
At 30 June 2021 Additions	22,274,411
Disposals Fair value gain on revaluation	(20,886,557) (1,387,854)
At 30 June 2022	

**NIT Global** 

#### 6. Loan Receivable from Related Party

	NIT Local Equity Fund
Loan to National Investment Trust Ltd	<b>2022</b> 2021 Rs Rs
At 01 July	- 9,167,986
Advanced during the year	-
Accrued interest	- 46,288
Amount paid	- (9,214,274)
At 30 June	

On 16 October 2019 and 16 December 2019, the Fund advanced a loan of Rs 7,000,000 and Rs 2,000,000 respectively to National Investment Trust Ltd, bearing interest at the rate of 2.75%. The loan receivable from NIT was unsecured and repayable within one year. The loan was fully repaid during the year ended 30 June 2021.

#### 7. Other Receivables

	NIT Loca	l Equity Fund
	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Dividend receivable	2,428,599	2,913,893
Amount due from related party (Note 15)		398,114
	2,428,599	3,312,007

#### 8.

Cash and Cash Equivalents				
			Mark Charles	Television (1988)
	NIT Local Equ	uity Fund		
	2022	2021	2022	
	Rs	Rs		200
Cash at bank	45,721,206	43,770,884	340,530,495	376,211,213
	NIT North Am	erica Fund	A SHEETING	
	2022	2021		
	Rs	Rs		
Cash at bank	2,499,917	45,077,519	982,857	21,661,688
	NIT Emerging M	larkets Fund	Madelin	
	2022	2021		
	Pk5	Ps.		
Cash at bank	4,131,513	37,025,153	1,544,141	16,831,848
		~*****		
	NIT Global Heat	thcare Fund		altie Fund
•	2022	2021	and the second	
	Rs	Rs	Ra	11
Cash at bank	6,178,511	31,995,135	4,690,871	32,441,696

# 9. Other Payables

Payables to related parties (Note 15) Accruals

Payables to related parties (Note 15) Accruals

Payable to related parties (Note 15) Accruals

Payable to related parties (Note 15) Accruals

NIT Local Equit	y Fund		
2022	2021 -	2002	
Rs	Rs		
321,210	-	349,215	30,703
420,300	670,637	411,447	936,075
741,510	670,637	760,662	966,778

NIT North Ame	rica Fund	a si ike mga pa	
<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs	Personal manager (2015) 200 (1976)	
399,406	20,392	164,795	5,871
90,815	194,796	225,789	201,662
490,221	215,188	390,584	207,533

NIT Emerging Ma	rkets Fund	er ib Kalasaners	
2022	2021	e proportion de la company El proportion de la company La company	
Rs 378,416	Rs 17,615	84,636	4,710
122,002	218,312	101,212	180,588
500,418	235,927	185,848	185,298

NIT Global Health	ncare Fund	hvesimmeter	13: 17:77.767.5
2022	2021		
Rs	Rs 🕒		
282,249	15,093	397,098	4,735
84,638	194,982	111,178	224,995
366,887	210,075	508,276	229,730

#### 10. Non-cash transaction

The redemption of units held in NIT Local Equity Fund by National Savings Fund and National Pension Fund (unit holders) amounting to Rs 283,428,521 was settled through the transfer of investment shares held by the Company to the unit holders.

#### 11. Taxation

Income tax

Income tax has been charged on the net income of the Sub-funds, as adjusted for tax purposes, at the rate of 15% (2021: 15%). The Sub-funds are also subject to Corporate Social Responsibility Tax ("CSR") on their chargeable income of the preceding year.

# 12. Taxation (continued)

Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position

	NIT Local Equ	uity Fund
	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Balance at 1 July Charge for the year	(85,023) 9,619	48,098 -
Under-provision of CSR Net payment	12,448 (12,625)	(133,121)
Tax liability/(refund) at 30 June	(75,581)	(85,023)
Tax reconciliation	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation	87,734,924	47,064,816
Tax at 17%	14,914,937	8,001,019
Tax effects of: Exempt income	(16,377,630)	(8,827,768)
Expenses attributable to exempt income Income not subject to tax	1,473,587	783,629 29,350
Under-provision of CSR Corporate Social Responsibility Tax differential	12,448 (1,275)	- 13,770
Tax charge	22,067	-
	es son de monte de la companya de l	
Tay reconciliation		
<u>Tax reconciliation</u>	NIT Global Op	
Tax reconciliation	NIT Global Op 2022 Rs	<b>portunities</b> 2021 Rs
Tax reconciliation  Net income before taxation	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021
	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of:	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667)	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667)	2021 Rs 137,463,524
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513)	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778)
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513) 1,021,180	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised  Tax charge	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513)	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised  Tax charge	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513) 1,021,180	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978 -
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised  Tax charge	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513) 1,021,180	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978 - erica Fund 2021
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised  Tax charge  Tax reconciliation	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513) 1,021,180	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978 - erica Fund 2021 Rs
Net income before taxation  Tax at 17%  Tax effects of: Income not subject to tax Deferred tax asset not recognised  Tax charge  Tax reconciliation  Net income before taxation	2022 Rs (580,396) (98,667) (922,513) 1,021,180  NIT North Ame 2022 Rs 594,165	2021 Rs 137,463,524 23,368,800 (24,153,778) 784,978 - erica Fund 2021 Rs 11,072,822

# 11. Taxation (Continued)

_		14 . 3
1 71/	roconci	ロスちいへい
I CIX	reconci	11/31/1/21/
7 00111	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

1 AX TECOTICINATION	NIT Europ	o Eumal
	NIT Europ 2022	e runa 2021
	2022 Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation	(947,543)	6,035,608
Tax at 17%	(161,082)	1,026,053
Tax effects of:		
Exempt income	(67,042)	(1,097,927)
Expenses attributable to exempt income	157,627	
Deferred tax asset not recognised	70,497	71,874
Tax charge	STEARDUSTNESS IDNESD RUNN DE BELLE BURNELLE CONTRACTOR DE L'ANNO D	
Tax reconciliation		
	NIT Emergin	g Markets
	2022	2021
	Rs	Rs
Net income before taxation	(189,475)	13,034,828
Tax at 17%	(32,211)	2,215,921
Tax effects of:		
Exempt income	(88,915)	(2,322,649)
Expenses attributable to exempt income	16,210	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised	104,916	106,728
Tax charge	_	-
Tax reconciliation		
	NIT Global I	ACCORDANGE CONTRACTOR
	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation	110,555	1,294,134
Tax at 17%	18,794	220,003
Tax effects of:		
Exempt income	(334,538)	(245,156)
Expenses attributable to exempt income	262,672	
Deferred tax asset not recognised	53,072	25,153
Tax charge	-	

### 11. Taxation (Continued)

Tax reconciliation

	NIT Global Healthcare	
	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation	(1,132,025)	7,263,516
Tax at 17%	(192,444)	1,234,798
Tax effects of:		
Exempt income	(19,321)	(1,324,878)
Expenses attributable to exempt income	110,800	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised	100,965	90,080
Tax charge	жинаны одна надам насанунка жизания жаза	ay Appending to the second of
Tax reconciliation		
	NIT Globa	al Value

	<b>2022</b> Rs	2021 Rs
Net income before taxation	(1,645,543)	16,537,923
Tax at 17%	(279,742)	2,811,447
Tax effects of:		
Exempt income	(571,304)	(2,918,737)
Expenses attributable to exempt income	741,394	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised	109,652	107,290
Tax charge	_	_

### (ii) Deferred tax

The Fund has unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as it is not probable that the Fund will have sufficient taxable profits against which the unused tax loss could be utilised in the foreseeable future (2021: Nil).

	Tax losses*
NIT Global Opportunities Fund	6,006,941
NIT North America	2,771,576
NIT Europe	1,864,822
NIT Emerging Markets	2,793,495
NIT Global Bond	806,064
NIT Global Healthcare	2,399,919
NIT Global Value	2,445,950

<sup>\*</sup>Tax losses available to set-off up to year ending 30 June 2027

### 13. Management fees

			Allergiason com	
	NIT Local Equ	ales a liberario de la companio della companio dell		
	2022	2021	2002	M. A.
	Rs	Rs		
Management Fees				
National Investment Trust Ltd (Note 15)	4,602,929	3,886,562	6,093,017	6,127,175
	NIT North Amo	erica Fund	a sa Madaga	Edition (Section
	2022	2021	5 2 20 24 S	
	Rs	Rs		
Management Fees:				
National Investment Trust Ltd (Note 15)	379,014	489,761	153,771	262,314
				and translated the constitute of a factor of the School of
	NIT Emerging M	arkets Fund		the distance and
	2022	2021		
	Rs Rs	Rs		7.5
Management Fees:				
National Investment Trust Ltd (Note 15)	358,996	451,552	79,926	117,917
	NIT Global Healt	hcare Fund	a Pinchallik	
	2022	2021	\$ 2020 PS	
	Rs	Rs	in the second	
Management Fees:				
National Investment Trust Ltd (Note 15)	267,156	367,156	376,528	458,807

#### 13. Trustee fees

Trustee's fees payable to SBM Fund Services Ltd are at a flat rate of Rs 150,000 annually for NIT Local Equity Fund & NIT Global Opportunities Fund. The fees are payable half yearly in arrears.

As for the other sub-sub-funds, the amount paid during the financial year amounted to Rs 60,000 each.

### 14. Redeemable Units

### **NIT Local Equity Fund**

(a) Movements in units during

	Units	
At 1 July	660,525,547	649,077,663
Units created Units redeemed * (Refer to note 10) Issue of shares in lieu of distribution payable Payment for switch out	92,480 (336,436,257) 	455,268 (4,128,171) 15,125,014 (4,227)
At 30 June	324,181,770	660,525,547

### **NIT Local Equity Fund**

(b) Net asset value per unit

<b>2022</b> Rs	
0.80	0.71

(c) Prices per unit at valuation date

	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Issue price	0.83	0.69
Repurchase price	0.83	0.69

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

(a) Movements in units during

		2021 2012 2016
At 1 July	284,157,543	286,702,414
Units created Units redeemed Payment received from switch out	40,237,537 (149,672,879) -	151,080 (2,694,529) (1,422)
At 30 June	174,722,201	284,157,543

#### Redeemable Units (Continued) 14.

### **NIT Global Opportunities Fund (Continued)**

(b)	Net asset value per unit	

(a) reconstruction of the control of	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Ex-div	1.99	1.98
(c) Prices per unit at valuation date	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Issue price	2.04	2.02

### **NIT North America Fund**

Repurchase price

(a) Movements in units during

	2022 Units	
At 1 July Units created Units redeemed	2,592,240 362,743 (2,858,720)	2,620,581 5,656 (33,997)
At 30 June	96,263	2,592,240
(b) Net asset value per unit	<b>2022</b> Rs	(5)01.2021 (5)01.2021
Ex-div	20.88	20.88
(c) Prices per unit at valuation date	<b>2022</b> Rs	77.70 12.55
Issue price	22.20	21.32

### **NIT Europe Fund**

Repurchase price

(a) Movements in units during

	2022 Units	
At 1 July Units created	1,886,469 33,238	1,892,702 1,049
Units redeemed	(1,866,647)	(7,282)
At 30 June	53,060	1,886,469

20.88

1.99

20.88

1.98

# 14. Redeemable Units (Continued)

NIT Euro	pe Fund	(Conti	nued)

<b>2022</b> Rs	
11.16	15.46
2022	
2022 Rs	
13.37	15.85
11.16	15.46
2022	
2022 Units	
2,923,607	2,931,769
(3,064,142)	1,324 (9,486)
206,302	2,923,607
	HI CONTROL O STANON STOREN SON CONTROL VIDE STANON
<b>2022</b> Rs	
17.60	17.61
	is NEGGSUNTHING KUNGSUN WE SHOOT HISSEN.
<b>2022</b> Rs	
18.45	18.01
17.60	17.61
	2022 Rs 13.37 11.16 2022 Units 2,923,607 346,837 (3,064,142) 206,302 2022 Rs 17.60

#### 14. Redeemable Units (Continued)

### NIT Global Bond Fund

(a	) /	Μον	eme	ntc	in	units	durina
ιu	, ,	101	51116	1123	,,,	2011143	uusuru

	Units	
At 1 July	1,741,598	1,738,751
Units created Units redeemed	2,598 (1,625,132)	2,847 
At 30 June	119,064	1,741,598
(b) Net asset value per unit	2000	Albert I gerlije ir Navegrooms om ey egenegar eleggy.
	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Ex-div	11.41	11.94
(c) Prices per unit at valuation date		
	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Issue price	12.40	12.19
Repurchase price	11.41	11.94

# NIT Global Healthcare Fund

(a) Movements in units during

Units		Marin Blatte Street St.	
At 1 July	2,135,090	2,150,359	
Units created	31,912	15,709	
Units redeemed	(1,832,363)	(30,978)	
At 30 June	334,639	2,135,090	
71.0020110	Extend internal equipment of the property of the state of		

(b) Net asset value per unit	<b>2022</b> 2021 Rs Rs
Ex-div	<b>17.37</b> 18.82
(c) Prices per unit at valuation date	<b>2022</b> 2028

		STATES OF STATES
Issue price	18.08	19.29
Repurchase price	17.37	18.82

#### 14. Redeemable Units (Continued)

#### **NIT Global Value Fund**

(a) Movements in units during

	2022	
	Units	
At 1 July	2,826,963	2,832,629
Units created	379,004	2,355
Switch in	-	325
Units redeemed	(2,983,765)	(8,346)
At 30 June	222,202	2,826,963
(b) Net asset value per unit		
	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Ex-div	18.82	19.27
(c) Prices per unit at valuation date		hard could could be a be a beautiful and a bea
	<b>2022</b> Rs	
Issue price	19.66	19.71
Repurchase price	18.82	19.27

IAS 32 – Financial instruments requires that, as an exception to the definition of a financial liability, a puttable instrument is classified as an equity instrument if it has all the following features:

- the puttable instruments must entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets;
- the puttable instruments must be the most subordinated class and class features must be identical;
- there must be no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the issuer to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the puttable instrument over its life must be based substantially on the profit or loss of the issuer.

The redeemable units of the sub-funds have all the above features and are therefore required to be classified as equity.

#### 15. Related Party Balances & Transactions

Related parties are individual and companies where the individual and Fund, directly or directly has the ability to control the other party and exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operational decisions.

#### 15. Related Party Balances & Transactions (Continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, the Sub-sub-funds transacted with related parties. Details of the nature, volume of transactions and balances with the entities are shown below:

	NIT Local Equity Fund		
Outstanding balances	2022 Rs		
National Investment Trust Ltd (Manager) (i) Amount receivable (Note 7)		398,114	
(ii) Amount payable	(321,210)	-	
Transactions National Investment Trust Ltd (iii) Management fees (Note 12)	4,602,929	3,886,562	
SBM Fund Services Ltd (iv)Trustee fees (Note 13)	150,000	150,000	
SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd (v) Custodian fees	447,659	356,035	

The amount due to and from related parties are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.

	NIT Global Opportunities Fund			nain band
	2022	2021		
Outstanding balances (i) National Investment Trust Ltd (Manager) (Payable) to /	Rs	Rs	. 1998 de tempo de termologica de la t	
receivable from related party	(349,215)	(30,703)	(399,406)	(20,392)
<b>Transactions</b> National Investment Trust Ltd (The Manager) (iii)Management fees	6,093,017	6.127.175	379.014	489,761
SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd (iv) Custodian fees	136,048	353,719		37,418
SBM Fund Services Ltd (v) Trustee fees	150,000	150,000	60,000	60,000

### Notes:

- (i) The amount due to and from National Investment Trust Ltd are unsecured, repayable on call and interest free.
- (ii) The amount due to and from the sub-funds incorporated under NIT UNIT TRUST are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed form of repayment.
- (iii) The amount due to and from related parties are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.

# 15. Related Party Balances & Transactions (Continued)

	NIT Europe	Fund		nacan
	2022	2021	202	
	Rs	Rs		
Outstanding balances National Investment Trust Ltd (Manager)				
(i) (Payable) to / receivable from related party	(164,795)	(5,871)	(378,416)	(17,615)
Transactions National Investment Trust Ltd (iii) Management fees	153,771	262,314	358,996	451,552
SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd (iv) Custodian fees	-	29,724		45,105
SBM Fund Services Ltd (v) Trustee fees	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000

#### Note:

(ii) The amount due to and from related parties are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.

	NIT Global Bond F	und
	2022 Rs	
Outstanding balances National Investment Trust Ltd (Manager)		
(i) (Payable) to / receivable from related party	(84,636)	(4,710)
Transactions National Investment Trust Ltd (iii) Management fees	79,926	117,917
SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd (iv) Custodian fees		14,717
SBM Fund Services Ltd (v) Trustee fees	60,000	60,000

### 15. Related Party Balances & Transactions (Continued)

	NIT Global Healt	hcare Fund	តិប្រាស់នៅ១៩១សនា	no males
	2.02.2	2021		12
Outstanding balances	Řs	Rs		
(i)National Investment Trust Ltd (Manager)				
(Payable to)/ receivable related parties	(282,249)	(15,093)	(397,098)	(4,735)
Transactions				
National Investment Trust Ltd				
(iii) Management fees	267,156	367,156	376,528	458,807
SBM Custody Securities Services Ltd				
(iv) Custodian fees	-	31,681	-	50,568
SBM Fund Services Ltd				
(v) Trustee fees	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000

#### Notes:

- (i) The amount due to and from the National Investment Trust Ltd are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.
  - The amount due to related parties for NIT Global Value Fund are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.
- (ii) The amount due to the sub-funds incorporated under NIT UNIT TRUST are unsecured, interest free and with no fixed term of repayment.

#### 16. Schedules of Investments

# NIT Local Equity Fund

	Fair value 2022	Portfolio		
	2022 Rs	2022 %		
Bank, Insurance & Finance			Dalah Kaling Palak Salah Salah Kaling Persanan Salah Persanan Salah Salah Salah Salah Salah Salah Salah Salah S	
Official List				
The Mauritius Commercial Bank Ltd	49,570,230	23.67	104,174,070	25.49
State Bank of Mauritius Ltd	38,557,598	18.43	84,613,769	20.71
CIM Financial Services Ltd	446,424	0.23	12,278,160	3.00
	88,574,252	42.33	201,065,999	49.2
Leisure & Tourism				
Official List				
New Mauritius Hotels Limited (Equity)	5,470,709	2.63	14,854,296	3.64
New Mauritius Hotels Limited (Debt)	3,661,162	1.77	7,925,978	1.94
Sun Resorts Limited	6,777,812	3.25	15,270,529	3.74
Lux Island Ltd	5,195,981	2.50	7,919,472	1.94
Lottotech Ltd	4	*	905,798	0.22
	21,105,664	10.15	46,876,073	11.48
Conglomerate				
Official List				
Ireland Blyth Ltd	22,614,696	10.81	48,898,115	11.97
Rogers and Fund Ltd	7,373,719	3.54	13,520,760	3.31
	29,988,415	14.38	62,418,875	15.28
Sugar Industry				
Official List				
Omnicane Limited	2,305,725	1.12	5,714,812	1.40
ENL Land Ltd	4,704,399	2.26	8,557,985	2.09
Alteo Ltd	3,786,894	1.20	7,272,522	1.78
Terra Ltd (Harel Freres Ltd)	1,467,727	0.72	3,224,115	0.79
Development & Enterprises Market				
Société de Développement Industriel et Agricole Ltée	12,368	0.03	12,367	0.00
	12,277,113	5.33	24,781,801	6.06
Manufacturing & Industrial				
Official List				
United Basalt Products Limited	6,512,289	3.13	16,052,775	3.93
Mauritius Oil Refineries Limited	1,742,837	0.85	4,085,507	1.00
	8,255,126	3.98	20,138,282	4.93

# 16. Schedules of Investments (Continued)

		IT Local Equity		
	Fair value	Portifolio	decimyatine dos	delsciel(a.s)
	2022	2022	5/02/1	
	- RG	%		
Food & Beverages				
Official List				
Innodis Limited	1,655,346	0.81	4,198,050	1.03
Development & Enterprises Market				
Les Moulins de la Concorde Ltée	120,967	0.08	290,700	0.07
	1,776,313	0.89	4,488,750	1.10
Investments	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	destinations of the contract of		
Official List				
National Investment Trust Limited	11,923,200	5.71	13,041,000	3.19
Ciel Ltd	361,900	0.19	1,515,210	0.37
Development & Enterprises Market	·		, ,	
Phoenix Investment	-	_	1,342,908	0.33
SEMARIS	1,403,767	0.69	2,745,953	0.67
Excelsior United Development Companies	-	-	365	0.00
·	13,688,867	6.59	18,645,436	4.56
Commerce				
Official List				
Vivo Energy Mauritius Limited (Shell Mauritius Limited)	2,639,334	1.28	6,095,040	1.49
Property and Construction				
Official List				
Gamma Civic Ltd	4,097,900	1.97	9,193,500	2.25
Bluelife Ltd	<del>-</del>	-	86,741	0.02
Ascencia Property Fund (Equity)	25,375,169	12.14	9,888,483	2.42
Development & Enterprises Market				
Covifra Ltée	-	-	391,140	0.10
Ascencia Property Fund (Debt)	-	-	-	-
Ascencia Property Fund (Bonds)	940,055	0.47	1,099,513	0.27
Lavastone Ltd	987,041	0.49	3,456,318	0.84
	31,400,165	15.07	24,115,695	5.90
Total	209,705,249	100.00	408,625,951	100.00
		·····		

### 16. Schedules of Investments (Continued)

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

Equities	Holdings 2022	Fair Value 2022 USD	Fair Value 2022 Rs	% of Fund 2022
Equities: Europe				
Auris Europe	615	185,202	8,343,350	100%
Total		185,202	8,343,350	100%

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

Equities: America	nos Aldidnies 2021	per Lair Volte Englisher (2024) Englisher (2024)		
Blackrock Global World Energy	37,680	576,881	24,373,220	13.01
Vontobel U.S. Value Equity	182	361,801	15,286,090	8.16
Alger American Asset Growth	2,699	359,201	15,176.242	8.10
Fidelity Global Health Care	4,801	226,145	9,554,625	5.10
Henderson Technology	1,000	167,588	7,080,593	3.78
Merck	1,020	79,325	3,351,498	1.79
Microsoft	160	43,344	1,831,284	0.98
Netflix	70	36,967	1,561,856	0.83
Boeing	275	65,890	2,783,853	1.47
The Walt Disney Fund	200	35,172	1,486,017	0.79
PJT Partners inc	47	3,355	141,743	0.08
		1,955,669	82,627,021	44.09

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

	pportames rama			
Equities	Heldings 2021	dranvalue e enymposition ilsa		10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
General Electric	5,070	68,242	2,883,233	1.54
General Motors	1,500	88,755	3,749,899	2.00
Facebook	140	48,689	2,057,119	1.10
Nokia Corporation	13,000	69,160	2,922,010	1.56
Qualcom Inc	300	42,891	1,812,145	0.97
VISA Inc	200	46,814	1,977,892	1.04
Delta Airlines INC	1,000	43,240	1,826,890	0.98
Carnival Corp	1,800	47,934	2,025,212	1.08
Expedia Group INC	330	54,021	2,282,387	1.22
Spirit Airlines INC	1,200	36,528	1,543,308	0.82
Equinor ASA-SPON ADR	2,500	53,000	2,239,250	1.20
		599,274	25,319,345	13.51

# 16. Schedules of Investments (Continued)

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

		FairValue Seeld20 Seeld20		
Equities: Europe				
BL Equities Europe	1,640	227,729	9,621,550	5.14
Deutsche Bank	6,000	78,480	3,315,780	1.77
Airbus Group SE	2,000	64,400	2,720,900	1.45
Auris Europe	550	218,094	9,214,481	4.92
Ryanair	3,000	56,656	2,393,712	1.28
Genel Energy	30,000	63,756	2,693,691	1.44
AstraZeneca	800	95,860	4,050,099	2.16
Schroder Europe Special	1,000	313,163	13,231,123	7.06
		1,118,138	47,241,336	25.22

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

	20	279,009	11,788,127	6.30
FCP OP Biohealth	300	251,707	10,634,621	5.68
Rolls Royce Group	20,000	27,302	1,153,506	0.62
	Holomas 22021			

# **NIT Global Opportunities Fund**

	94 9 8 ngs			
GAM Japan	1	169	7,140	-
International Consolidated Airlines Group	20,000	55,752	2,355,522	1.26
JP Morgan Brazil	35,000	278,951	11,785,664	6.29
Goldman Sachs India	5,000	147,851	6,246,709	3.33
		482,723	20,395,035	10.88
Total		4,434,813	187,370,864	100.00

# 16. Schedules of Investments (Continued)

NIT North America Fur	n	n	I												1	1		ı	í	í		,	1	ì	ì	ı				í	ľ								
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and the second control of the second control	awanikatakan dakenan etal			
Vontobel U.S.	110	219,056	9,255,118	100
	,,,,	=10,000	3,233,110	

NIT Europe Fund

		ETEVANIE PENATENIE EELSE	Fair Value 2 2021	
Schroder Europe Special	500	156,581	6,615,561	85.87
Auris Europe	65	25,775	1,088,984	14.13
		182,356	7,704,545	100

**NIT Emerging Markets Fund** 

	Holdings 2021			
BGF Latin American Fund	2,000	135,215	5,712,834	38.88
JP Morgan Brazil	11,834	94,317	3,984,893	27.12
Goldman Sachs India	4,000	118,281	4,997,372	34
		347,813	14,695,099	100

NIT Global Bond Fund

	Epiding: 2021		Ent Value - 4. 2021 - George	
Blackrock Fixed Income	6,243	98,265	4,151,696	100
		98,265	4,151,696	100

NIT Global Healthcare Fund

Equities	Tiolings. 2872		Fair Value 2071	
Fidelity Health Care	4,215	198,550	8,388,738	100
		198,550	8,388,738	100

### 16. Schedules of Investments (Continued)

#### NIT Global Value Fund

Squittes	Holdings 2021			
Blackrock World Energy	5,250	80,377	3,395,932	15.25
Guinness Global Energy	11,425	67,029	2,831,976	12.72
General Motors	1,500	88,755	3,749,899	16.83
General Electric	5,000	67,300	2,843,427	12.76
Deutsche Bank	3,650	47,554	2,009,157	9.02
BGF Latin American Fund	1,211	81,872	3,459,115	15.53
JP Morgan Brazil	11,834	94,317	3,984,905	17.89
		527,204	22,274,411	100

#### 17. Events after reporting date

There have been no material events since the end of the reporting period which would require disclosure or adjustment to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### 18. Impact of COVID-19

The recent global outbreak of Coronavirus ("COVID-19") has caused significant volatility within the economic markets, for which the duration and spread of the outbreak, and the resultant economic impact is uncertain and cannot be predicted. This may directly or indirectly impact the sub-funds' activities in material respects by interrupting and disrupting business and transactional activities. The effect of the impact of COVID-19 has not been reflected in these financial statements; such impact may affect the future results and affairs of the sub-funds.

NIT Unit Trust Appendix A Statement of Profit or Loss

This appendix does not form part of the financial statements

					Andria College
		NIT Local Equ	ity Fund		mil
	Notes	2022	2021	2002	
		Rs .	Rs	e e Herene e	
Income					
Dividend income		17,050,794	4,667,603	1,335,145	2,315,740
Other income		130,000	81,571	-	<u></u>
Interest income	,		46,288	-	_
		17,180,794	4,795,462	1,335,145	2,315,740
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(4,602,929)	(3,886,562)	(6,093,017)	(6,127,175)
Custodian fees	15	(447,659)	(356,035)	(136,048)	(353,719)
Trustee fees	13	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)
Printing and stationeries		(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(115,000)	(110,500)	(97,750)
Adjustment for over provision accrued income					
previous period		-	(255,237)	<u>.</u>	-
Bank charges		(6,875)	(5,293)	(678,754)	(55,750)
General expenses	,	(3,286,110)	(92,962)	(43,767)	(19,392)
Total operating expenses		(8,734,073)	(4,991,089)	(7,342,086)	(6,933,786)
Net income/(loss) before taxation		8,446,721	(195,627)	(6,006,941)	(4,618,046)
Taxation	11	(22,067)	-	-	
Net income/(loss) after taxation available for distribution		8,424,654	(195,627)	(6,006,941)	(4,618,046)
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL	5	79,288,2 <b>0</b> 3	47,260,443	(2,982,952)	103,653,485
Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents		-		8,409,497	38,428,085
Increase/ (Decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		87,712,857	47,064,816	(580,396)	137,463,524

NIT Unit Trust Appendix A Statement of Profit or Loss

The appendix does not form part of the financial statements

		NIT North Am	erica Fund 2021		
	Notes	Rs	Rs		
Income		-	**	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR SERVICE	-
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(379,014)	(489,761)	(153,771)	(262,314)
Custodian fees	15	-	(37,418)	-	(29,724)
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)
Printing and stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Bank charges		(3,495)	(3,810)	(32,156)	(3,695)
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,391)	(48,267)	(19,105)
Total operating expenses		(611,276)	(658,330)	(414,694)	(422,788)
Net (Loss) before taxation		(611,276)	(658,330)	(414,694)	(422,788)
Taxation	11			<b>**</b>	-
Net (Loss) after taxation available for distribution		(611,276)	(658,330)	(414,694)	(422,788)
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL	5	264,712	6,473,837	394,368	3,126,016
Net foreign currency gains/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		940,729	5,257,315	(927,217)	3,332,380
Increase/ (Decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		594,165	11,072,822	(947,543)	6,035,608

NIT Unit Trust Appendix A Statement of Profit or Loss

This appendix does not form part of the financial statements

		NIT Emerging ma	arkets Fund		
	Notes	2022	2021	2022	College at the college
Income		Rs -	Rs //	in the second	115,711
Expenses					
Management fees	12	(358,996)	(451,552)	(79,926)	(117,917)
Custodian fees	15	-	(45,105)	-	(14,717)
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
Printing and stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)
Bank charges		(29,387)	(3,810)	(3,495)	(3,810)
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,392)	(48,267)	(19,277)
Total operating expenses		(617,150)	(627,809)	(312,188)	(263,671)
Net Loss before taxation Taxation		(617,150) -	(627,809)	(312,188)	(147,960)
Net loss after taxation available for distribution		(617,150)	(627,809)	(312,188)	(147,960)
Changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL Net foreign currency gains on cash and cash	5	(95,352)	9,039,332	33,152	59,476
equivalents		523,027	4,623,305	389,591	1,382,618
(Decrease)/ Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		(189,475)	13,034,828	110,555	1,294,134

NIT Unit Trust Appendix A Statement of Profit or Loss

This appendix does not form part of the financial statements

		NIT Global Heal	lthcare Fund			
	Notes	20%	2021			
		TC-	i i i			
Income						
Dividend Income			-	1,488	9,409	
Evmoness						
Expenses	* 5	(207 450)	(252456)	(250.500)		
Management fees	12	(267,156)	(367,156)	(376,528)	(458,807)	
Custodian fees	15	-	(31,681)	-	(50,568)	
Trustee fees	13	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	
Printing and Stationeries		(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Audit fees		(110,500)	(37,950)	(110,500)	(37,950)	
Bank charges		(97,989)	(3,810)	(41,210)	(3,810)	
General expenses		(48,267)	(19,277)	(48,267)	(19,392)	
Total operating expenses		(593,912)	(529,874)	(646,505)	(640,527)	
Net (Loss) before taxation		(593,912)	(529.874)	(645,017)	(631,118)	
Taxation	11	-	-	-	-	
Net Loss after taxation available for distribution	,	(593,912)	(529,874)	(645,017)	(631,118)	
Changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL  Net foreign currency gain/(loss) on cash and cash	5	113,654	2,337,055	(1,387,854)	12,765,617	
equivalents		(651,767)	5,456,335	387,328	4,403,424	
(Decrease)/ Increase in net assets attributable to						
unitholders		(1,132,025)	7,263,516	(1,645,543)	16,537,923	